INDIAN

FOLK MUSIC

in fiction, but which have hitherto not been

collected. They are doing it by taking down

the melodies as they fall from the lips of one of their number, an Indian. It is only

now, when the Indian race is passing from

the stage on which for centuries it played

so romantic a part, that any systematic attempt is being made to preserve its char-

occupying their attention is the preserva-tion of the songs of the American Indian

tion of the songs of the American indian by the collecting and recording of his folk music while opportunity for such research is yet ripe. In their labors they are sec-onded by Mr. Arthur Farwell, a young American composer of Newton Center, Mas-sachusetts, who is the founder of the Wa-wan Press ramed from the Indian music

Wan Press, named from the Indian music sung by Mr. La Flesche and published in book form by Miss Fletcher.

Mr. Tracy's membership in the triumvirate came by way of noting down the melodies from oral and graphophonic dictation.

He succeeded Prof. John Comfort Fillmore

## Society in the National Capital and Elsewhere The Washington people are the main factors in a movement for the translation into musical notation and the preservation of the Indian melodies and folk songs which for three hundred years have been so wide-

two garden parties to pass off successfully with perfect weather and every desirable condition has certainly great possibilities in it. The fortnight of feasting for the railway visitors has not had an untoward circumstance. Everything planned went off merrily to the finish, and the round of

under sweet pea shades.

The guests were: The Russian ambassador, the French ambassador and wife, Justice and Mrs. Holmes, the Peruvian minis-

Col. and Mrs. Henry May gave a large dinner last night at Chevy Chase Club in honor of Miss Alice Roosevelt,

attempt is being made to preserve its characteristic songs for posterity.

The enterprise has focused the attention of musicians throughout the United States and Europe, and has won for its authors an international reputation in scientific and artistic circles. They are Mr. Francis La. Flesche of the Indian office, Miss Alice C. Fletcher of the Peabody Museum at Harvard University and Mr. Edwin S. Tracy, recently one of the musical instructors in the public schools of Washington under the direction of Miss Alys Bentley. The work occupying their attention is the preserva-Dr. and Mrs. McArdle are now occupying their new home, 1604 19th street. Mrs. McArdle's friends will be sorry to learn that she is still suffering from a severe

The officers of Company G, High School Cadets, Business High School, gathered with the members of their company and ladies at the home of Capt. Ringgold Hart, 621 Maryland avenue northeast, Friday night last to enjoy a pleasant time. Dancing and other forms of amusement were in-dulged in, after which the guests assembled dulged in, after which the guests assembled in the lower dining hall, where a sumptuous repast was served. Among those present were: The Misses Louise Berner, Isabelle M. Hart, Bessie H. Burwell, F. M. Merrilatt, Mattie Irey, Pearle Gaskins, Marguerite Curtis, Rowena Burwell, Anna C. Hart, Louise Cruit, Marie Donn, Bessie Hart and Clara Hart; Capts. R. Hart, and H. H. Warner, Lieuis. C. Shoemaker, S. Peacock, M. M. Thome and J. H. Simpson, Sergts. K. C. Boyer, L. F. Ruoff, Charles Armbruster and L. B. Bridges, Corps. C. J. Walker, H. V. Keiser, E. H. Bowles and other members of the company.

Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse, who have made their present stay in their Dupont



sing them at any moment. He is no musician. He does not claim to be. He has never had the opportunity—the desire, perhaps—for a technical training in music; yet his admirable education in other matters and his love for his race equip him for the role he is playing in preserving the songs of a dying people. He came to Washington through the invitation of Samuel J. Kirkwood, Secretary of the Interior under Garfield, who placed him in the Indian of-fice, where he is at the present time. In the early nineties he graduated from the National University of Law in this city and became possessed of the degree of master of laws. Miss Fletcher's work has been written and talked of ever since the publication of her

nonograph, "A Study of Omaha Music,"

Francis La Flesche, Who Sings the Indian Folk Music.

with "A Report on the Structural Peculiarities of the Music, by John Comfort Fill-more, A. M." In this book Miss Fletcher included no less than ninety-two melodies, all appearing for the first time in print. These were collected, recorded and tested in a manner so complete and thor-ough that there can be no doubt of their accuracy. They were the result of ten years of study and a long period of actual residence among the Omahas. As president of the Anthropological Society, member of the American Folk Lore Society and vice president of the American Anthropological Association, she has become identified with scientific research and has made Washington her headquarters.

The beauty of Indian music and the preservation of the musical traditions of his race have always been hobbies with Mr. La Flesche. From the time of his child-hood he had tried to interest people in the work of recording Indian musical lore, and his acquaintance with Miss Fletcher and co-operation in her work were circumstances auspicious to the cause of their common interest. But they needed a third person, some thorough musician who could take down the songs from the Indian's lips, write them out, and harmonize the raw material thus gathered. No one seemed better fitted for this work than Prof. Fillmore. He was a musical scholar, a pupil of excellent home teachers and a graduate from important Leipzig schools, and Miss Fletcher and her young protege were at-tracted to him through these circurastances and on account of his writings. At their invitation he took charge of the musical feature of their investigations and became a partner in their researches, visiting the

Indians with them. In the same year that their first book was published, the matter was brought up at the world's fair in Chicago, both at the congress of musicians and at international congresses, where Mr. La Flesche read several papers on the subject. At about the same time a mass of correspondence ensued between Miss Fletcher and several musical scientists abroad, who had become interested in the subject. Among them were Stumph and Wallachek, celebrated

tion there was a series of congresses, and as usual, the musicians were allotted a portion of time. There were concerts in the afternoon and orchestral performances in the evening, when composers were invited to conduct their own works. One day was

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Fletcher prepared her second book, "Indian tones accounts for this phenomenon, and it Story and Song from North America." The volume differed from the monograph, for it was written in popular veir and made interesting to the casual reader by an explanation of the myths and superstitions of the red man, each story baying its causing the red man, each story having its equivation of the material in the making of new songs and instrumental pieces. It was published in 1900, and its object was almost immediately accomplished, for in 1901 there came into existence the Wa-Wan Press at Newton Center, Massachusetts.

Mr. Farwell, a young American composer ecently returned from study abroad with Humperdinck, founded the Wa-Wan Press, gathering about him for the purpose other young men and women composers capable of creating an individual school of music which should be known and recognized for its American essence and be easily distinguished from the foreign schools. Indian music, negro music, the Creole song and all did not sound right. The experiment was other folk material of the soil were wel-comed by Mr. Farwell and his associates, and imbedded into the masonry of each new musical creation from their pens. The negro folk music having been thrashed to shreds, it followed that Indian melody gained the attention of these musical Roycrofters re-taining the ascendancy over other national productions. Against overwhelming odds, the work of the young band of enthusiasts has progressed with amazing success, and for high mindedness of musical endeavor their equals can hardly be found in the

country. An interesting feature of the work of Miss Fletcher and Mr. La Flesche is their collection of graphophone records. Miss Fletcher has hundreds of them in her possession, and she calls them her note book. The sound of the mechanical workings of the instrument makes these records unde-sirable for the entertainment or instruction of interested friends, and she does not use of interested friends, and she does not use the records for this purpose. The impres-sions were made by good Indian singers, some here in the city by visiting Indians, and others out west on the reservations. Songs of the Winnebagoes, the Omahas Poncas, Oteos, Iowas, Chevennes, Arapa-

noes, Sloux, Chippewas and other tribes are in the collection, and they are used repeatedly for dictating the music to a transcriber, and for enabling him to corect any mistakes he may have committed in his manuscript during the first dicta-

The Indians never sing their songs in parts. The one melody is chanted by all



Arthur R. Farwell.

voices, high or low. The Indian women take the high treble; the high male voice the middle octave, and the deep-chested basses, the lower tones. They sing on in this manner, using the notes of three octaves at one time, until one part finds the melody going out of its voice range. Then a skip is made up or down to a more con-

a scale lower.

In the great Indian chorals, where three or four hundred voices are singing in three different octaves, the effect of the music is said to be harmonic, although no actual

volume of tone produced in the manner indocated from the great chorus of Indian throats would actually produce the intermediate harmonies not intended to be sung In all of these ceremonies there is a choir. Good Indian singers make their living the red man, each story having its equiva-lent in musical formula. The main purpose of the volume, however, was the stimula-tion of composers, arousing their interest in the music of the Indian toward an adopare the leaders of the choral singing, and they cling as closely to the pitch of their songs as we do. Indians not belonging to the choir do not sing true always. Miss Fletcher observed, but their variance from the correct tone is no greater than that of the untrained white man.

After making their first collection of In-

dian folk songs, Miss Fletcher and Prof. Fillmore took them out to the reservations, where they were tested on the Indians. The melodies were first played upon the plano and the reed organ without an acdid not sound right. The experiment was then tried of playing the melodies with a simple chord foundation such as the nat-ural overtones produced by the octave singing would enunciate. This arrangement met with the approbation of the singers, who declared them to be correct in this

Each one of the melodies and their harmonies used in the original monograph were tested again and again in this manner before being printed. Yet all the care d.d not prevent an avalanche of critic.sm and censure from descending upon the authors.
Those who had not talked with Miss
Fletcher often fell into the natural error of
insisting that no harmony should have been written to the Indian songs. Only the notes which the singers used should be written down, they thought. The explanation of the overtones, already given, confutes all such arguments, for Miss Fletcher has done better than her critics have asked. The up-per notes of the musical examples in her book do represent the actual notes sung by the Indian, and these may easily be played apart from the harmony underneath. By playing the melodies together with the harmony one may hear the music not as it is sung, but as it actually sounds to the listener, and Miss Fletcher is as confident today as she was fourteen years ago that her annotations of Indian music are correct. Much has been written of the structure of

these songs. The Indian invokes his gods with music. It is the medium through which he voices his greatest and most sol emn emotions, wherefore it is only natural that in certain aspects, such as rhythmic variety, his music should be more highly developed than Caucasian melody. The Indian is bound down to no hard and fast rules of key and measure or phrase. Often he be-gins a song in one key and finishes it in another. Measures two beats long often alternate with three-beat measures, and phrases are as long as the mood of his song or the ceremony require them to be. It is these characteristics which go to make up the attractiveness of the red man's song. Where the corners of Caucas-ian music are rounded off and polished smoothly those of Indian tradition jut rudely outward with an apology for their roughness. Such men as Harvey Worthington, Loomis and Arthur Farwell have

preserved these racial characteristics in their lyrical settings, showing us the aboriginal man as he really is and not as some composer thinks he ought to be. Conceive him singing the ghost dance, in which he falls into a trance and believes he sees the Great Spirit and the hunting grounds. What significance the music of this dance must have for him, and how he must consecrate himself to the divine powers when he listens to its strains. It is doubtful if any of the white man's music

BERENICE THOMPSON,

Is This All So?

From What to Eat. There is but one sure cure for the drinking diesase or habit, and that is the simplest of all. The cure consists in eating fruits. That will cure the worst case of inebriacy that ever inflicted a person. It will entirely destroy the taste for intoxicants and will make the drunkard return to the thoughts and tastes of his childhood, when he loved the luxuries nature had pro-vided for him and when his appetite had not become contaminated by false, culti-vated tastes and attendant false desires and imaginary pleasures. No person ever saw a man or woman who liked fruit and who had an appetite for drink. No person ever saw a man or woman with an appetite for drink who liked fruit. The two tastes are at deadly enmity with each other, and there is no room for both of them in the same human constitution. One will cer-

A season which has already permitted two garden parties to pass off successfully with perfect weather and every desirable condition has certainly great possibilities in it. The formight of feasting for the init. The formight of feasting for the condition has certainly great possibilities in it. The formight of feasting for the condition has certainly great possibilities and Farlayense fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned the four-foot handle. The candles burned with the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feasting for the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feasting for the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feasting for the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining and Farlayense fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining and Farlayense fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining the four-foot handle. The candles burned to feast fern, the vine also twining the fern, the vine also twining the fern, the vine also twining the feast fern, the vine also twining the vi hospitality in private homes was well up to the standard for the capital, where events have national significance, and therefore are of most importance. The White House garden party, deferred like tice and Mrs. Holmes, the Peruvain limits tice, the Attorney General, Secretary and Mrs. Pauline Richards of this city left Tuesday for an extended trip through the middle states. She will visit Fairmont, W. Va., Uniontown, Pittsburg and Philadelphia, Pa., also will make a brief stay with her brother in Atlantic City. Miss Richards

MRS OVERMAN

sweetest bite, was the happiest possible

The wives of Senators Simmons and Over-man of North Carolina; of Senator Latimer

of South Carolina, and of Senator Nixon of Nevad, coming from far separated section, will add new honors and charms to the

Mrs. A. Leftwich Sinclair and her young

son of 1519 Grant street are visiting Mrs. Sinclair's sister, Mrs. John H. Fleming, at Norfolk, Va. Before returning home Mrs. Sinclair will spend several weeks with her father, Rev. H. E. Johnson, D.D., at Suf-

Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish bring to an end the last of the coming week their first residence in Washington as householders.

It is to be hoped that their experience has been as satisfactory as their stay has been

productive of pleasure to others. They have been kept busy extending as well as

already large senatorial circle.



MRS SIMMONS

will be chaperoned by her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. A. Friedman of Fairmont, W.

Gen. D. S. Gordon, Mrs. Gordon and Miss Gordon left yesterday for San Francisco, accompanied by Mr. Philip K. Gordon. Miss Gordon will be married next month at her brother's home, in San Francisco, to Mr. Isaac Oliver Upham of Oakland, Cal.

Mrs. J. V. Kearny and Miss Marie L. Kearny, formerly of 1360 Kenyon street, Columbia Heights, have bought a home at Vienna, Maple Grove, where they will be glad to see their friends.

Mrs. Van Auken Mills is visiting rela-

tives in New York city. Mrs. Roy L. Williams of Philadelphia will spend the coming week with her mother, Mrs. F. A. Reigart, 1025 9th street

Miss Alma H. Wilson of 21st street north-

Burrows, Mr. and Mrs. Haines, Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. west, who has spent the last three years Mrs. Westinghouse, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. in Boston and New England, is passing the Campbell, Mrs. Keep, Mrs. Legare, Mrs. cromwell, Miss Merriam, Miss McKenna, field Villa," Chevy Chase road, prior to re-Miss May, Miss Huff, Miss Bell, Miss Gaff, | turning north for the summer, where she

termination. The presence of the President, looking the picture of health, ruddycheeked, slight of figure, and with no diminution of the cordiality with which he always receives visitors, beside his wife, to whom the rest from social demands and her short vacations from town shows in rounded cheeks and the pretty color in them, was, of course, the culminating point of interest for the visitors as it was for the other fortunate guests of the after-noon. A thousand or more persons within easy chatting distance of each other, such as the broad expanse of the White House lawn permits, is a sight one does not often see in this city, and one which, if the precincts of the mansion itself afforded, would be an even more wonderful event. The tawn party gave a great opportunity for the display of beautiful toilets. The surprising shapes in hats were a continual delight. Mrs. Roosevelt, in a soft yellow chif-fon, and Mrs. Fairbanks, in soft white silk, were most charmingly gowned. There were other dresses on notable wearers worth description. Mrs. Morton wore an exquisite lace dress and blue plumes in a white hat. Mrs. John R. McLean, a heavy yellow lace over blue, with a pompadour girdle caught with steel tucks on little black velvet bows. Mrs. A. E. Bates was in gray chiffon and gray lace and a tilted gray coin hat, trimmed at the back with bowknots in black velvet ribbon. Mrs. Cortelyou was in white batiste with insertions of embroidery and lace, worn over pink silk, and with a straw hat wreathed in moss roses.

Mrs. Westinghouse wore white muslin with Airs. Westinghouse wore white muslin with Valenciennes lace insertions and a white chip hat trimmed with white plumes. Mrs. Foraker, a wedgewood collenne with a most becoming hat. Mrs. George Howard, princess dress of white linen with insertions of trick crochet lace, and a black hat. Barre cess dress of white linen with insertions of Irish crochet lace, and a black hat. Baroness von Sternburg, cream lace over blue, a large tip-tilted hat. Mrs. Metcalf, blue mull and black lace. Mrs. Loeb, white muslin with lace insertions and a Panama hat trimmed with yellow crocuses. Mme. Jusserand, grass linen with white embroidery. Baroness Mayor des Planches, ecru linen lawn and lace and a black hat. Miss May Williams, white linen lawn covered with Williams, white linen lawn covered with eyelet embroidery and a white ecru hat with white ostrich feathers. Mrs. Slater, mauve chiffon with a pansy trimmed toque Mme. Leger, black crepe de chine. Mrs. Boardman, gray eolienne, and Miss Boardman, white lace with insertions and ruffles of pompadour ribbon. Mrs. Spencer, cream lace and flowered silk lace and flowered silk. It is in the Carolinas and Nevada that the quartet of charming women presented in a group today have their home addresses.

M. STUYVESANT FISH.

usual at Lenox, Mass., where their estate grows more beautiful every year. The large reception given by them Wednesday even-ing was thought out and its elaborate arrangements completed within twenty-four hours. The space added to the mansion by the supper room tent gave ample accommo-dation to the large throng of guests. who were delighted to find at every turn some new floral beauty to admire. The evening was another master stroke in the art of entertaining, and one in which the host and hostess particularly excel.

ARS G.S.NIXON

Miss Mathilde Townsend, whose illness during last week assumed an even more critical phase than at any time since it began, was reported from her house last as doing as well as could be ex-

SAMONG -THE CLUBS

The O. E. S. Club held its meeting Thursday evening at the home of Miss Eldridge Burns, 1219 H street northeast. This club is composed of the young people of Bethlehem Chapter, O. E. S. After an enjoyable evening refreshments were served and the floor was cleared for dancing. Among those present were Mr. Clarence H. Longacre, president; Miss Grace Wilkins, Miss Ella Lamb, Miss Katherine Alley, Miss Lillian Burns, Miss Ethel Tompkins, Miss Sadie Major, Miss Eldridge Burns, Miss Grace Lind, Miss Edna Siggers, Miss Ida Lind, Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. Lillie M. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Pyle, Mr. J. Wells, Mr. Roy Kirkwood and Mr. Riehl.

Wednesday last, Chapter B, P. E. O., met at the home of Mrs. Pyles, in Anacostia. The principal events in the history of the United States from 1865 to 1898 were reviewed in a paper by Mrs. H. L. Hodgkins. The reading of this paper was followed by a discussion of current topics, under the leadership of Mrs. Judson. The quotations for the day were from Bayard Taylor, a sketch of whose life was read by Mrs. Reeve. Chapter B some time ago appointed a

committee to keep the chapter informed re garding the progress of settlement work in Southwest Washington, and at this meeting voted to become a subscriber to "Neighborhood House."

The Mothers' Sewing Circle held its last meeting of the season yesterday at the home of Mrs. Lawrence K. Bell. There was a full attendance of members, and plans were mapped out for the autumn season, which will open in late September. Mrs. Mason, president of the circle, in-Mrs. Mason, president of the circle, invited the members present to an at home next Monday evening; each to bring two friends. Mrs. Mason will go shortly to Albemarle county, Virginia, where her grandparents have a country home. Mrs. Bell will spend June in St. Mary's county, Maryland, and then go to Harper's Ferry for the summer. Mrs. H. H. Harris, secretary of the circle, has a summer cottage near Winchester, Va., where she will go with her family on May 28.

The Y. Y. Y. Club gave an informal dance Friday evening, and tomorrow will close their club season with a trip to Great Falls. The club now represents twenty-four members, a gain of ten within the last year. Books have been read aloud and lecyear. Books have been read aloud and lectures given continuously through the present season, and it is intended so to increase the membership and usefulness of the society as to warrant a club head-quarters early in the fall. The club will hold its next meeting September 30, the fifth anniversary of its foundation. At the recent election Miss B. E. Rose was chosen president, Harry L. Atkins secretary and Miss Beulah Wheeler treasurer.

The Give What You Can Club held its The Give What You Can Club held its first meeting Thursday night after a lapse of nearly six weeks, owing to the illness of two of its members and a death of a third. The business session was followed by a program of music and recitations, and refreshments were served by the hostess, Miss Kathleen Gibson. There will be another and final meeting on the first Thursday in June, after which the members will disband until the first Thursday in October. Miss Beverly of the club has recovered from a

German authorities, and several Germans have already published books in which Miss Fletcher's observations are discussed. In 1898 at the trans-Mississippi exposi-

to conduct their own works. One day was set aside for American music, and on this day one of the sessions opened with a paper by Frof. Fillmore on the structure of Indian songs with planoforte illustrations. He was followed by Miss Fletcher, who discussed the emotional side of the music, with aid of violin and plano. Then Mr. La Flesche read an article dealing with Omaha songs of war and peace, and twenty-two songs sung by Indians of the Omaha tribe demonstrated the truths contained in his remarks. This was the first really comprehensive presentation of Indian music ever given, said Miss Fletcher to the writer.

Growing out of these beginnings Miss

venient octave. The same effect is often heard in school choruses, where the boys sing in unison with the girls' melody as high as they are able and then drop down